

# Linux Day 2014

## Sviluppare con Linux Embedded

RELATORE: Andrea Scian  
andrea.scian@dave.eu

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# Chi vi parla

## Biografia

Perito informatico all'ITIS Kennedy (PN, 1998)

Laureato in Ingegneria Informatica a Padova (2003)

Tesi sull'utilizzo di Java nel mondo Linux Embedded (ARM7, 16MB RAM, 4MB NOR Flash)

Sviluppo software per Linux (e non solo) Embedded (e non solo) dal 2003

Ora responsabile degli sviluppi software e responsabile IT c/o DAVE Embedded System

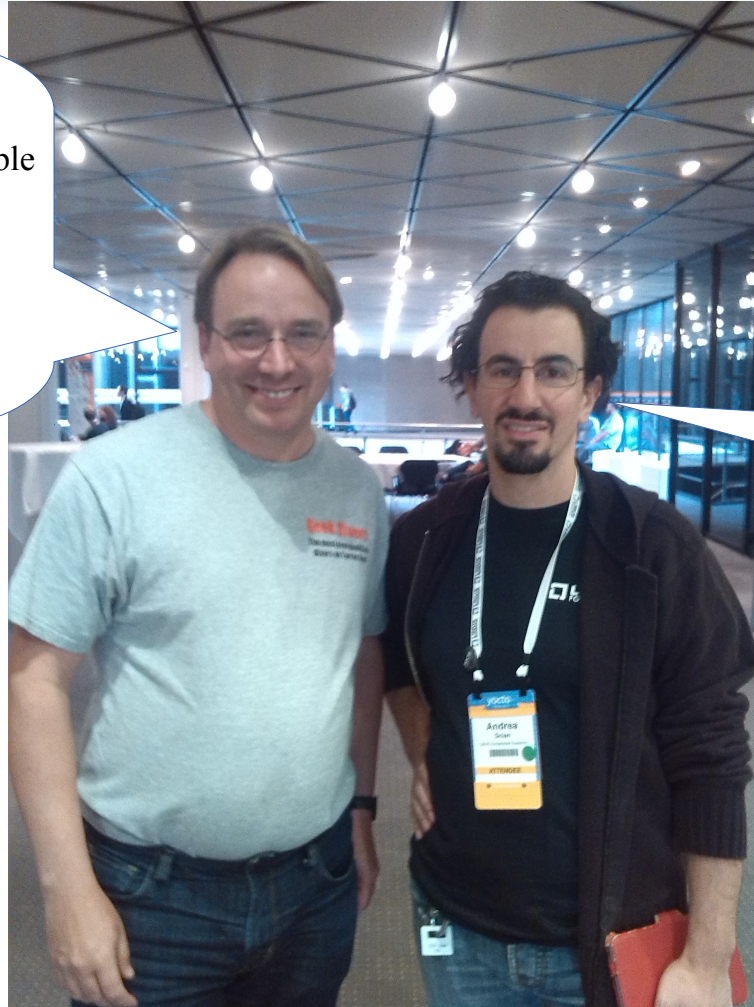
Appassionato del mondo Linux e FLOSS

Socio PNLUG



# Con un certo tipo di conoscenze...

I still really despise the absolute incredible sh\*t that is non-discoverable buses, and I hope that ARM SoC hardware designers all die in some incredibly painful accident.



I totally agree with you, Linus (I'm a software guy)

# Keyword

Realtime

i.MX6

Terminal Emulator

Linux Embedded

Root file system

JTAG

TFTP

Bridged Network

CortexA9-MPCore

Cross-Toolchain

GIT

yocto

SSH/SFTP

GDB

AMP

Virtual Machine

NFS

Eclipse IDE

# Agenda

## ✓ Linux Embedded

- Cos'e'?
- Componenti Software (target e sistema di sviluppo)

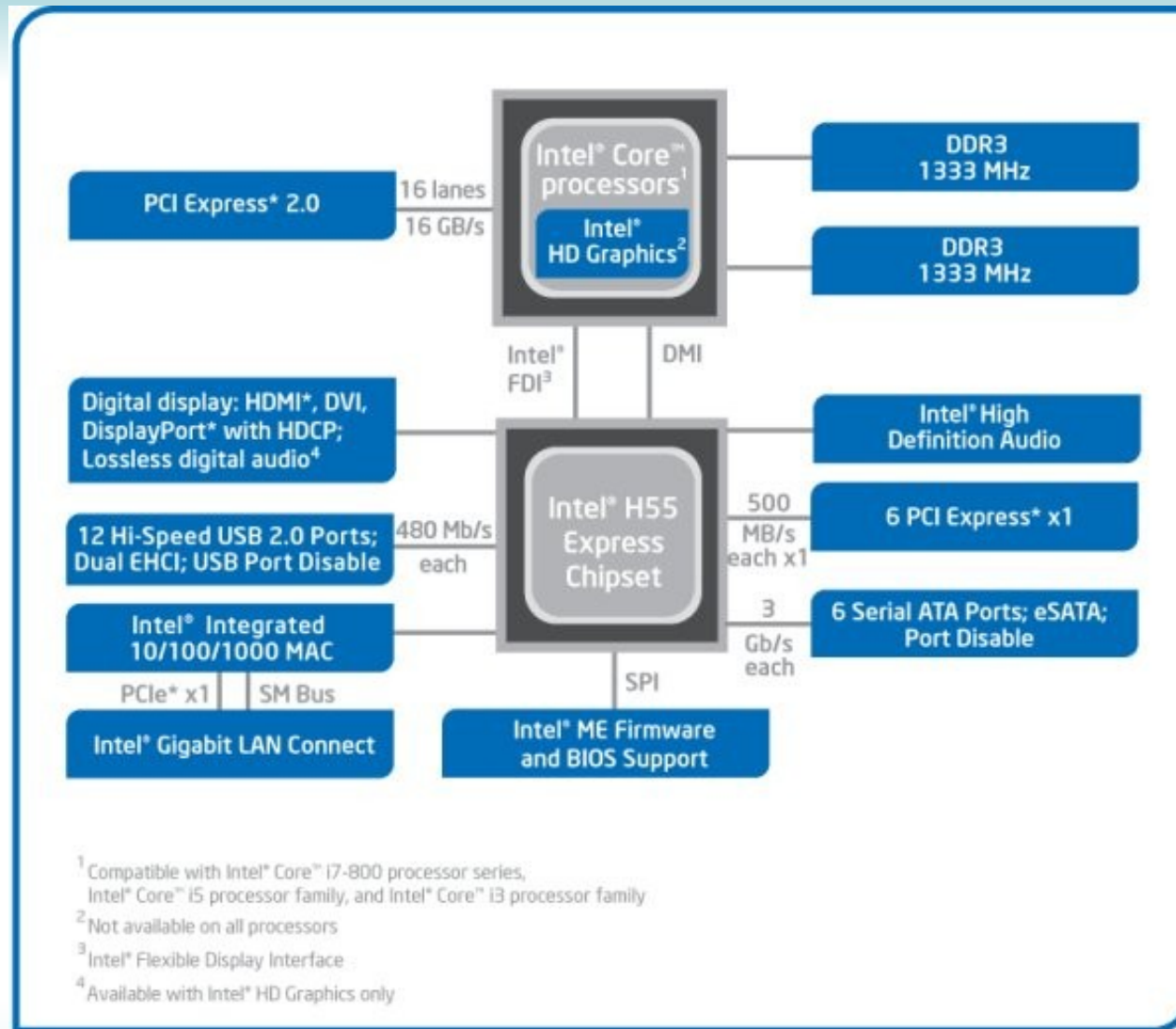
## ✓ Yocto Project

- Breve introduzione e build/debug applicativo userspace

# Sistema Embedded: cos'e'?

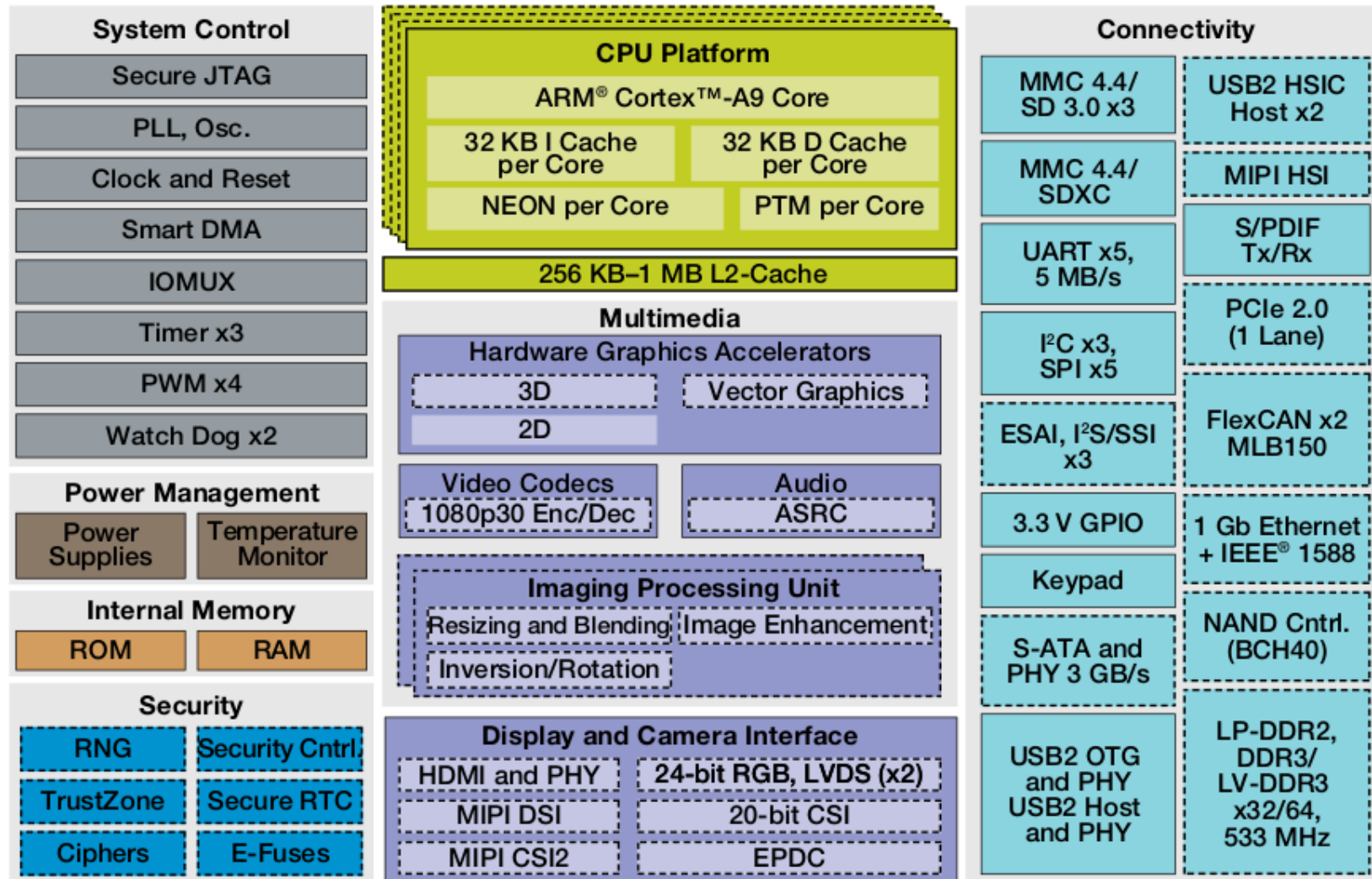
- ✓ General purpose vs embedded
- ✓ Ha un compito predefinito gia' durante la progettazione
- ✓ SOC non x86
- ✓ Consumi, dimensioni, costo, range temperatura, immunita' ai disturbi, durata, reperibilita' ....

# Cosa NON e' un SOC



Intel® H55 Express Chipset Platform Block Diagram

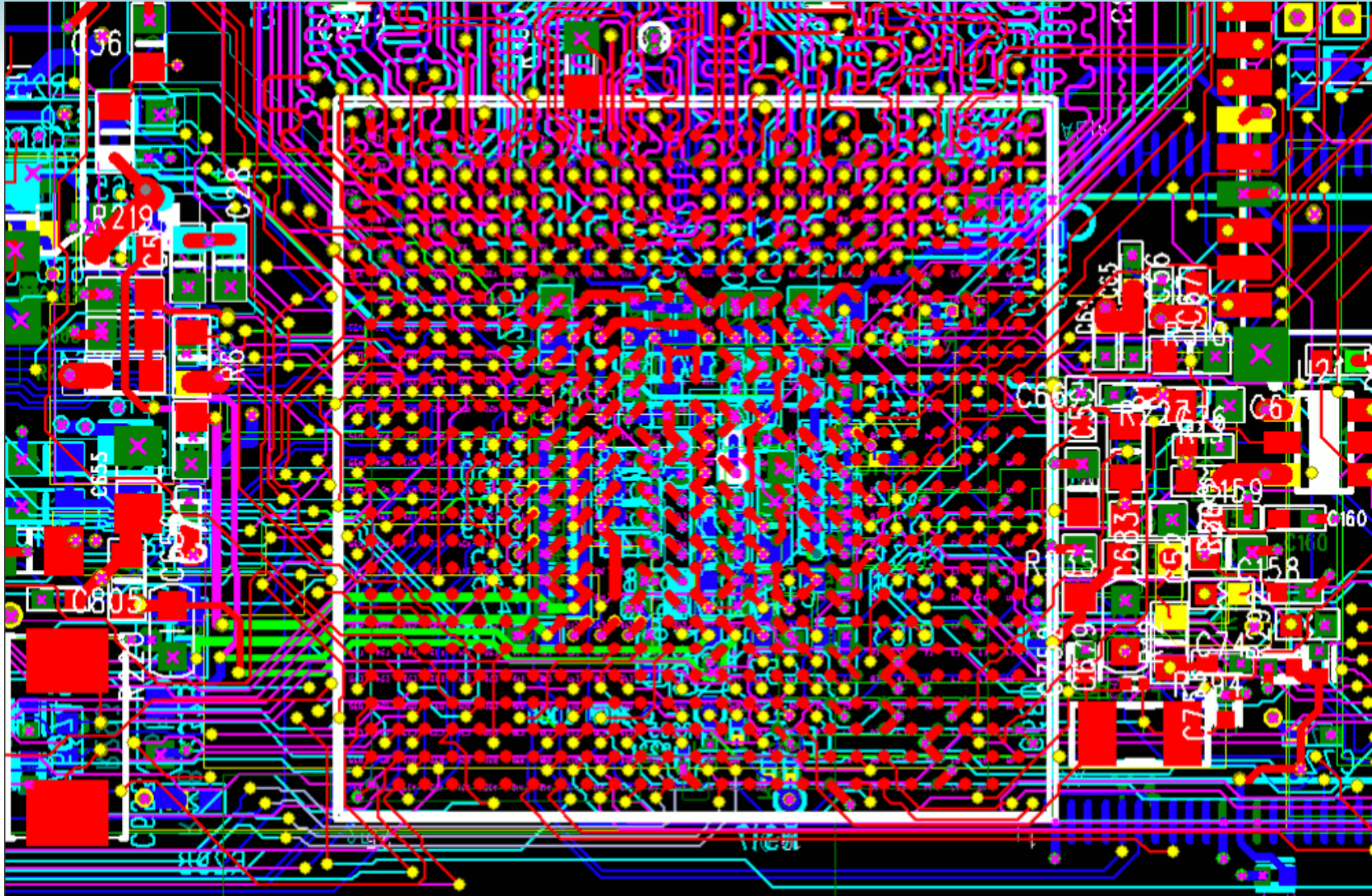
# Cosa e' un SOC



 Available on certain product families

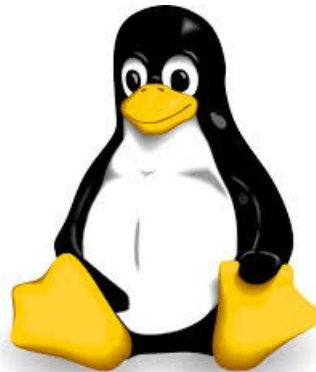


# 624 BGA



# Linux Embedded

- **Embedded Linux: utilizzo di Linux in sistemi embedded**
  - **Vantaggi: qualità, riuso del software, community, controllo (OSS)**
  - **Svantaggi: OS complesso, setup ambiente di sviluppo, mancanza di uniformità**



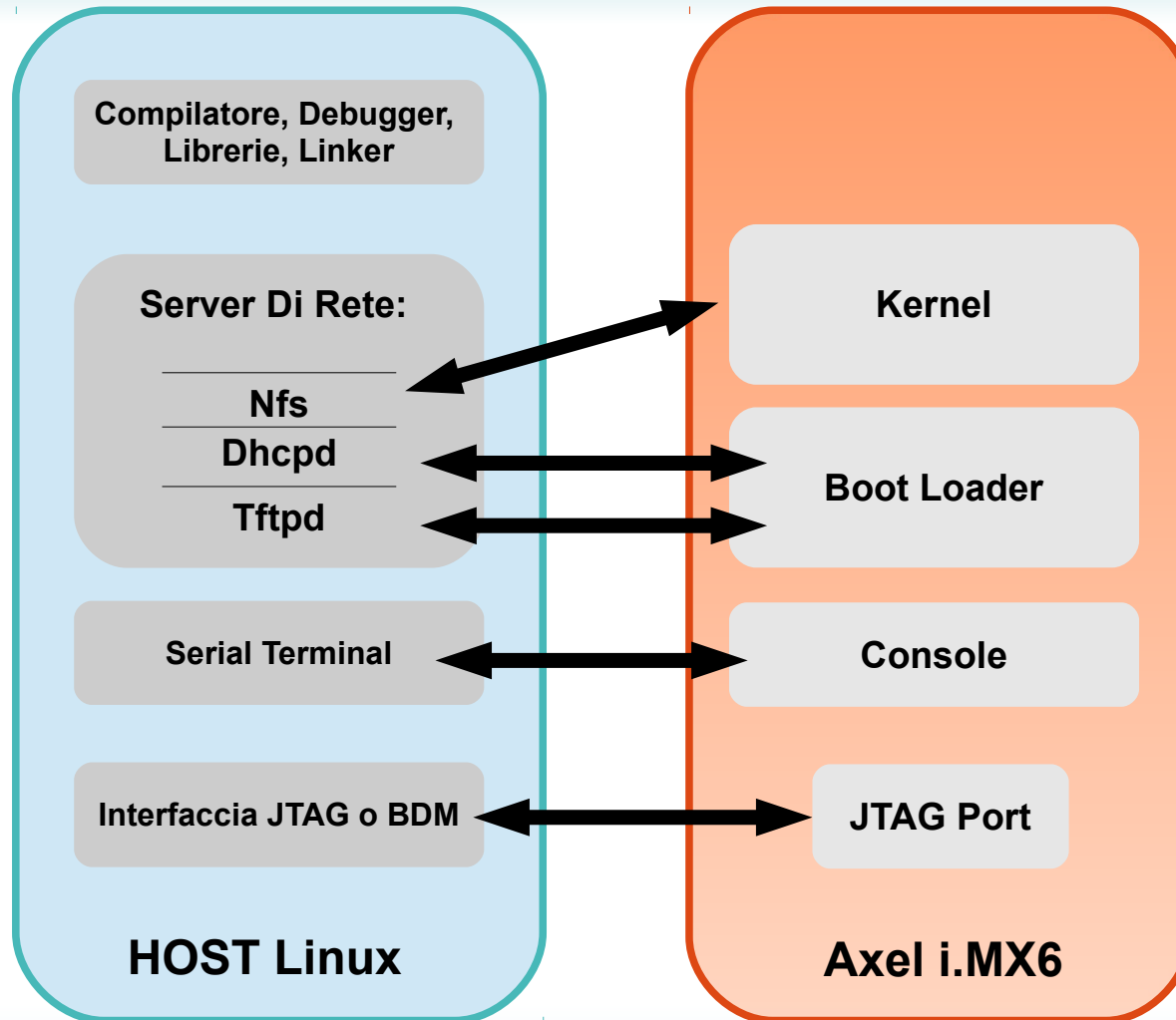
# Componenti Software

- ROM (fuso nel SOC)
- Bootloader (U-Boot)
  - Inizializzazione di base (DDR<sub>x</sub>, PLL, GPIO)
  - Preleva il kernel (NOR/NAND/TFTP) e gli cede il controllo
- Kernel (vendor dependent)
  - Scheduler, gestione memoria, device drivers ecc
- Filesystem
  - Contiene tutti gli applicativi/file di configurazione ecc
  - NON è possibile farne a meno!
  - Ramdisk, NOR/NAND, SSD, HDD
  - Ext2-3-4, JFFS2/UBIFS, F2FS, ROMFS, NFS

# Componenti Software (devel)

- Text Editor
- (Cross) Toolchain
- Debugger
  - Gdb/Gdbserver, JTAG
- IDE (Eclipse)
- Sistema di build (DIY, Buildroot, Yocto, Android)
- Ethernet/Seriale
- TFTP, NFS, [Samba, SSH]
- Linux based workstation

# Ambiente di sviluppo tipico



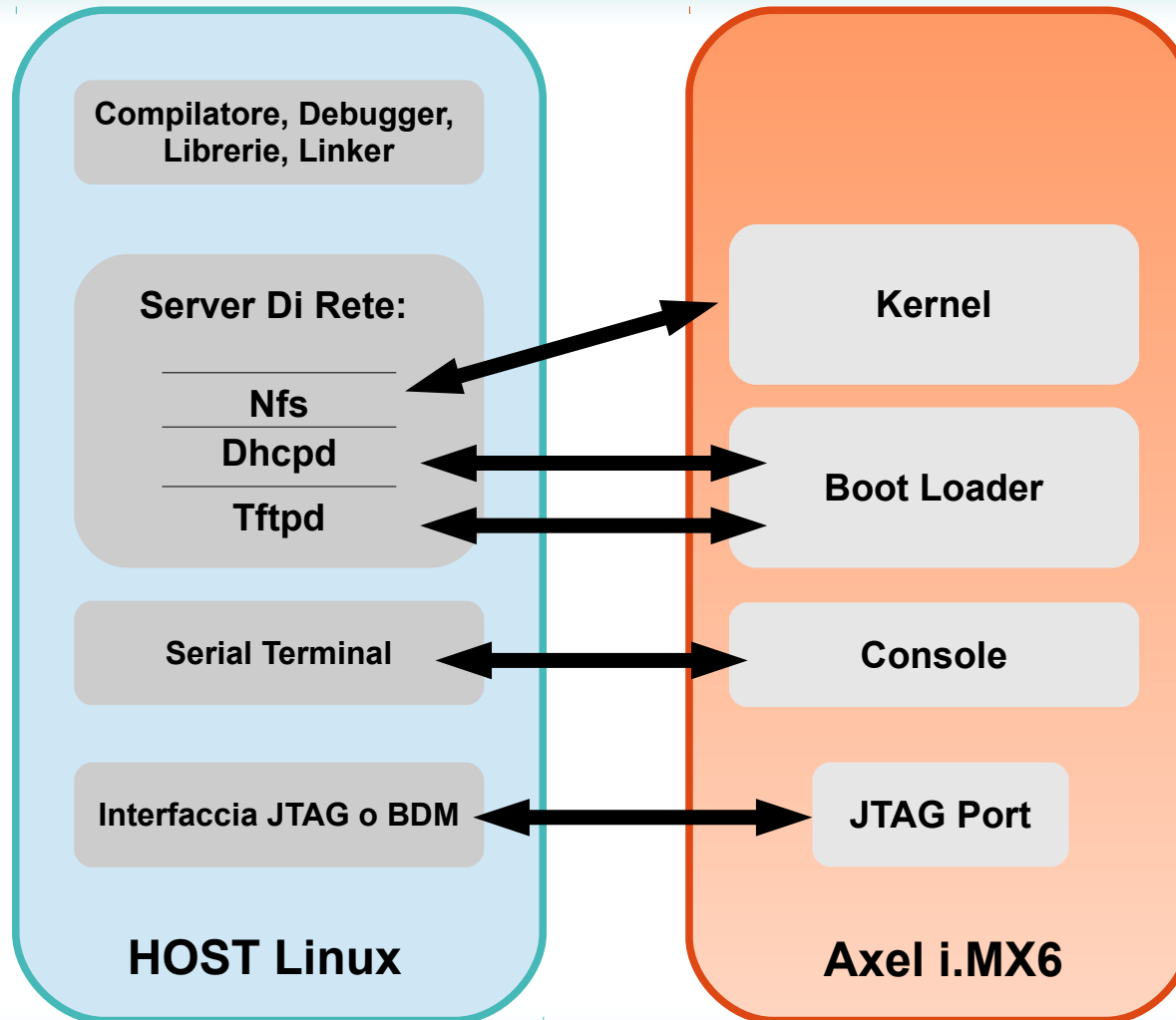
# Set up del sistema di sviluppo

- Una lunga lista di attività necessarie prima di poter essere operativi...
  - Installare la distribuzione Linux raccomandata dal silicon vendor (per non incorrere in problemi di compatibilità)
  - Installare tutti i pacchetti software richiesti (tool, utility, librerie, ...)
  - Installare la cross-toolchain
  - Installare e configurare i servizi di rete (tftp, dhcp, NFS, ..)
  - Scaricare i tree dei sorgenti
  - Configurare le variabili di ambiente
  - ....
- ... che richiede tempo, competenze e risorse.

# DVDK – DAVE Virtual Development Kit

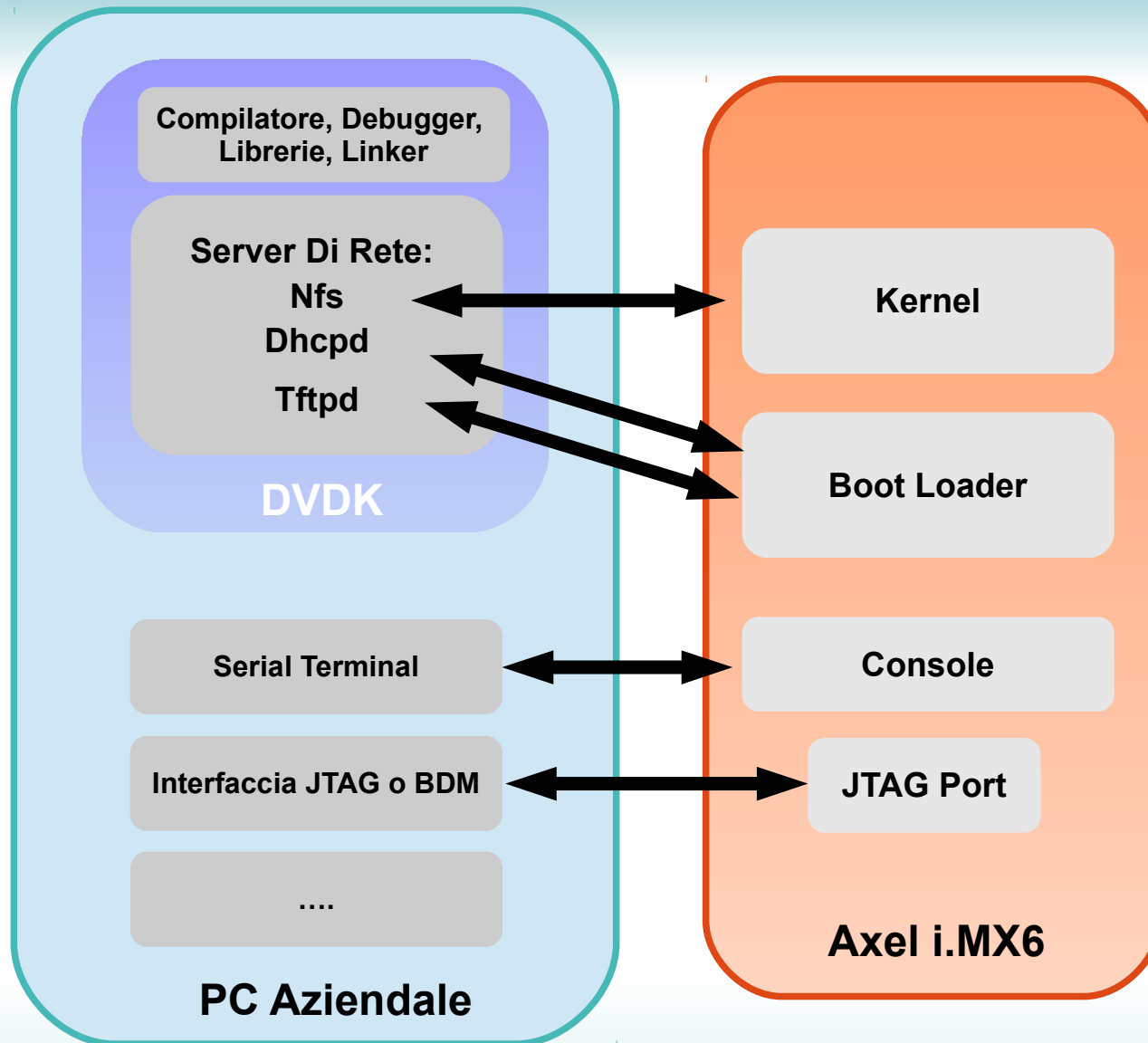
- Cos'è?
  - VM Virtual Box con il development kit pre-installato
  - Setup minimo (networking)
  - Utilizzo da Windows/OSX/Linux (indipendenza dalla distribuzione/setup)
  - Obiettivo: minimizzare gli sforzi del cliente per il setup dell'ambiente di sviluppo
- Git preconfigurato per aggiornamenti → trasferimenti in rete ridotti

# Senza DVDK

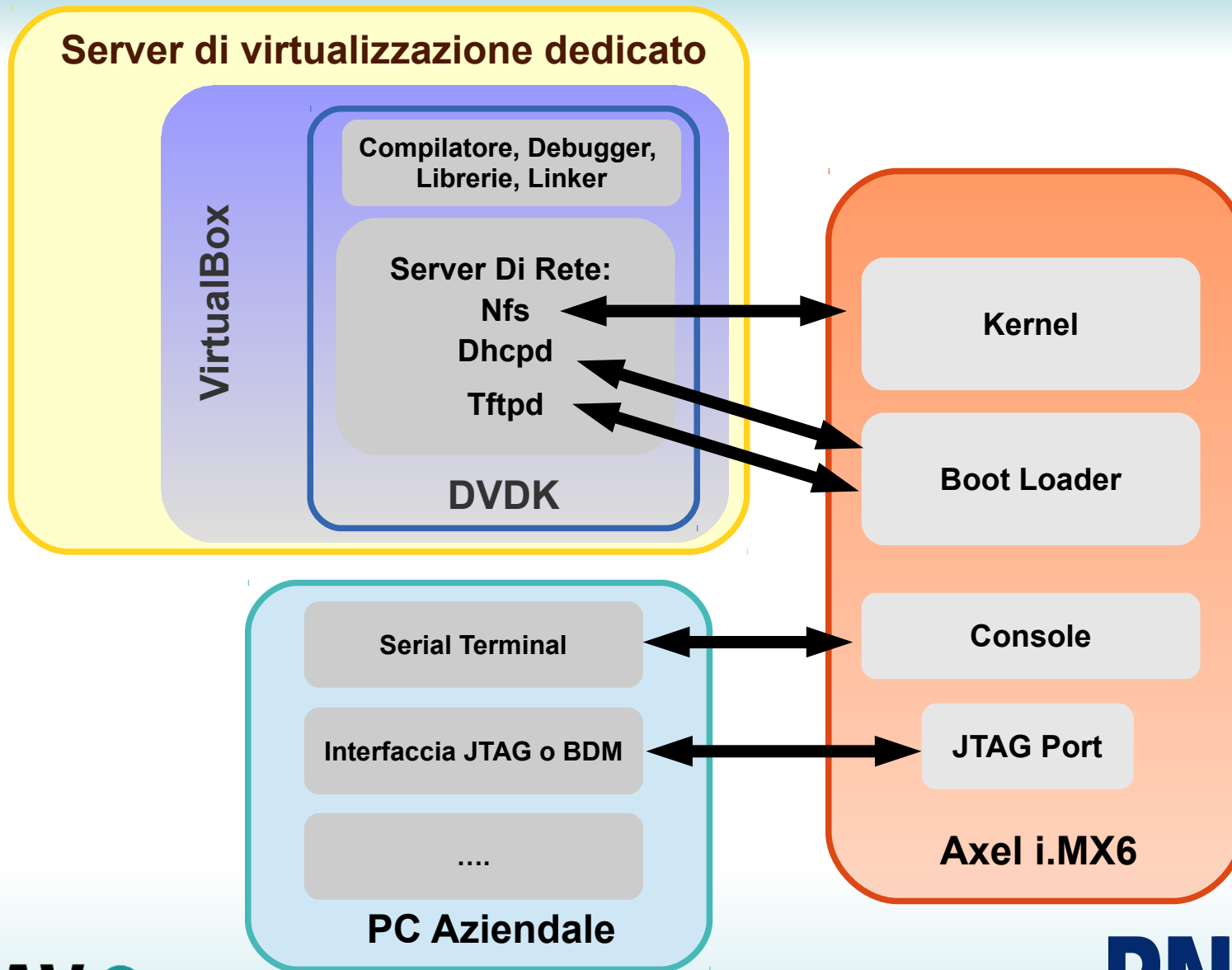




# Ambiente di sviluppo DVDK

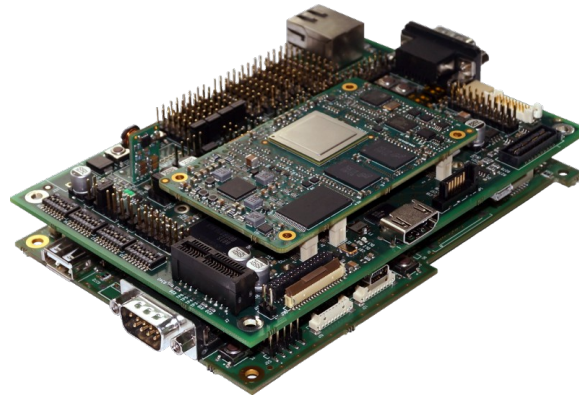


# Ambiente di sviluppo DVDK (avanzato)



# DVDK Live Demo

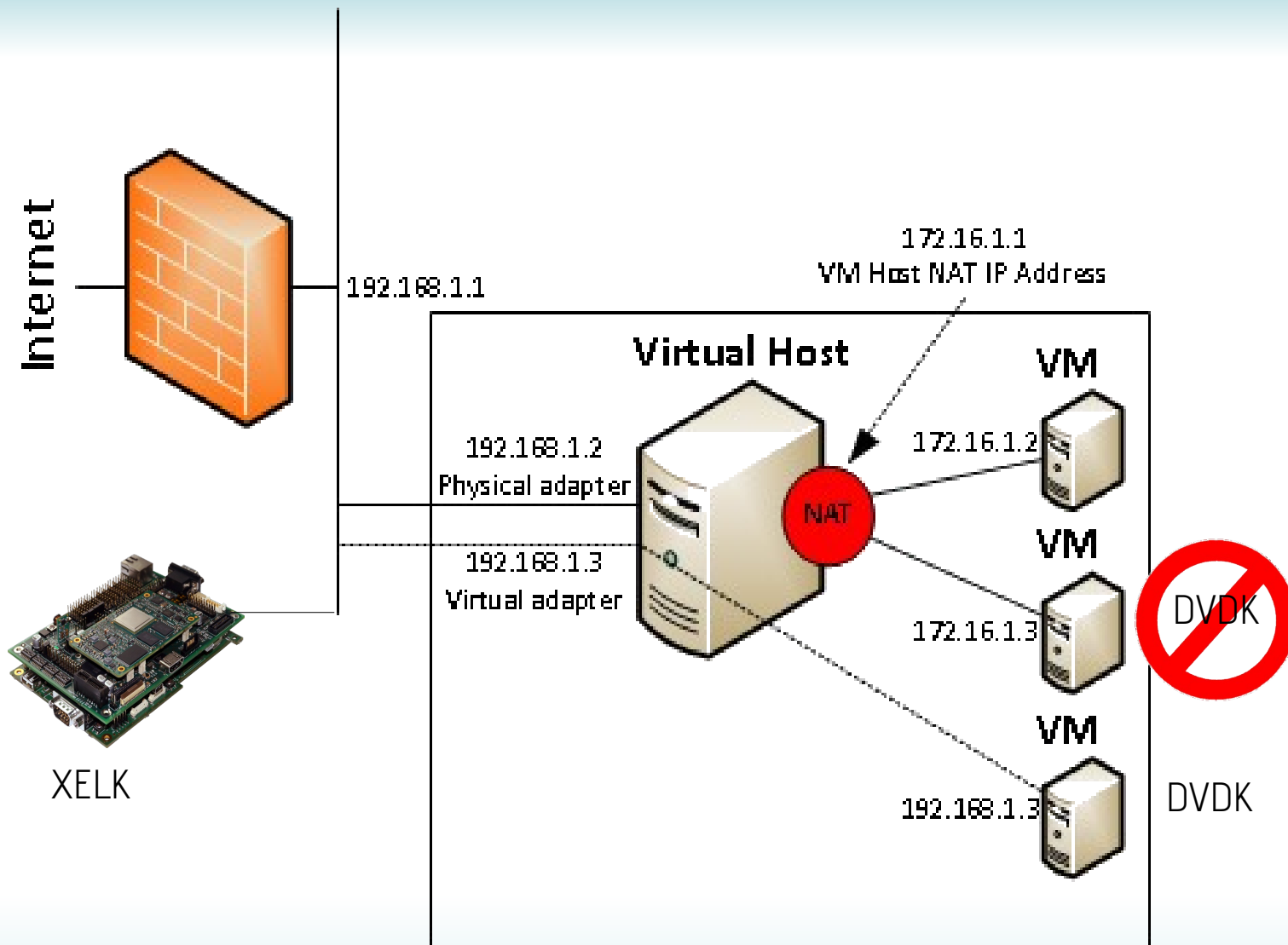
- *“Installazione”*
- Configurazione di Rete
- Build kernel
- Boot della board via TFTP + NFS



# DVDK Live Demo: Networking

- DVDK (server tftp+nfs)
  - 192.168.0.78/24
  - Non e' possibile usare il NAT → Bridge
- AxelUltra (client)
  - 192.168.0.77/24
  - Kernel axel/xelk/1.1.0/ulmage
  - RFS /home/dvdk/xelk/rfs/yocto
  - Bootcmd: run net\_nfs

# NAT vs Bridge

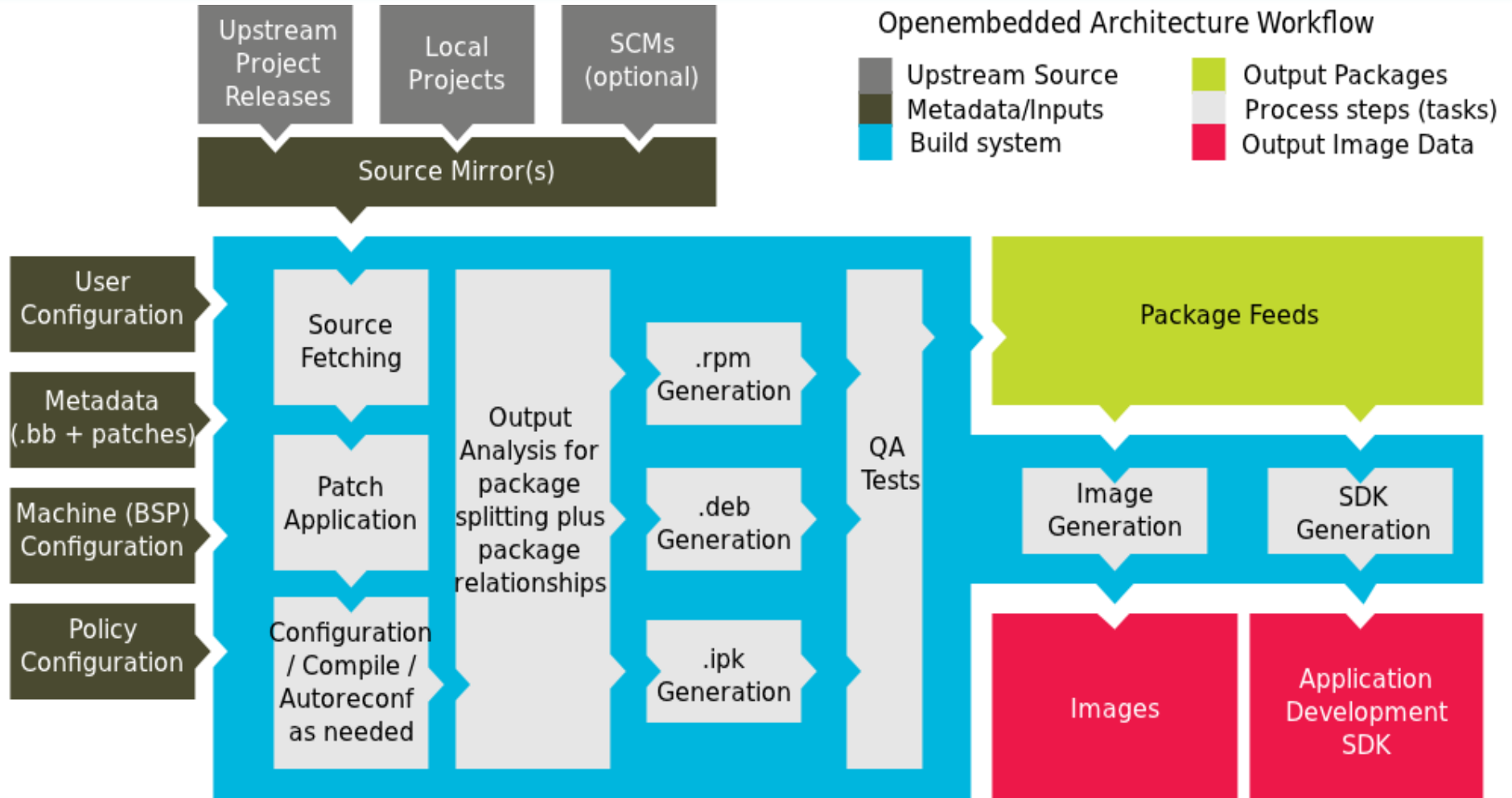


# Yocto

- Cos'è?
  - **“It's not an embedded Linux distribution – it creates a custom one for you”**
  - Build system derivato da OpenEmbedded
  - Insieme di tool, script, configurazioni per creare una distribuzione Linux Embedded
  - Differenza tra realizzazione distribuzione e applicativi

yocto ·  
PROJECT

# Yocto - Overview



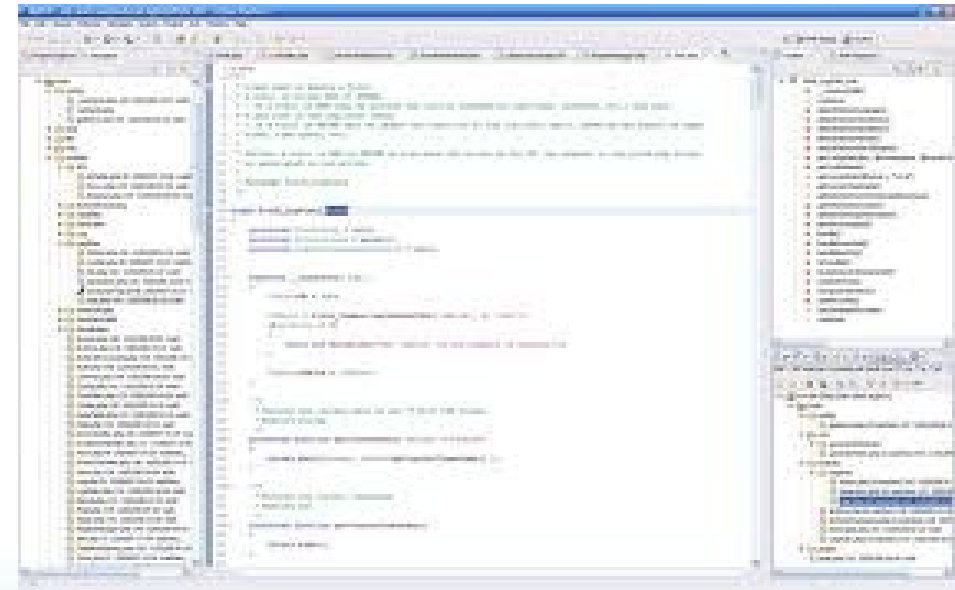
# Yocto: pro e contro

- **Vantaggi**
  - Community forte, Progetto universale
  - Packaging
  - **Eclipse/ADT**
  - **Layers**
- **Svantaggi**
  - Tempo/size di build (BSP, 30-100GiB)
  - Curva di apprendimento (customizzazione BSP)



# Yocto Live Demo

- Realizzazione applicativo HelloWorld
- Utilizzo Eclipse + Yocto ADT Plugin
- Build con autotools
- Debug remoto
  - SFTP, SSH, GDB/GDBServer



# Yocto ADT

**Preferences**

**Yocto Project ADT**

type filter text

- General
- C/C++
- ChangeLog
- Help
- Install/Update
- Library Hover
- Myllyn
- Remote Systems
- Run/Debug
- Specfile Editor
- SystemTap
- Team
- Terminal
- Tracing
- Yocto Project ADT**

**Cross development profiles:**

Standard Profile [Save as ...] [Rename] [Remove]

**Cross Compiler Options:**

Standalone pre-built toolchain  
 Build system derived toolchain

Toolchain Root Location: /home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/poky/1.5 [Browse..]

Sysroot Location: /home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/poky/1.5/sysroots [Browse..]

Target Architecture: cortexa9hf-vfp-neon-poky-linux-gnueabi

**Target Options:**

QEMU  
 External HW

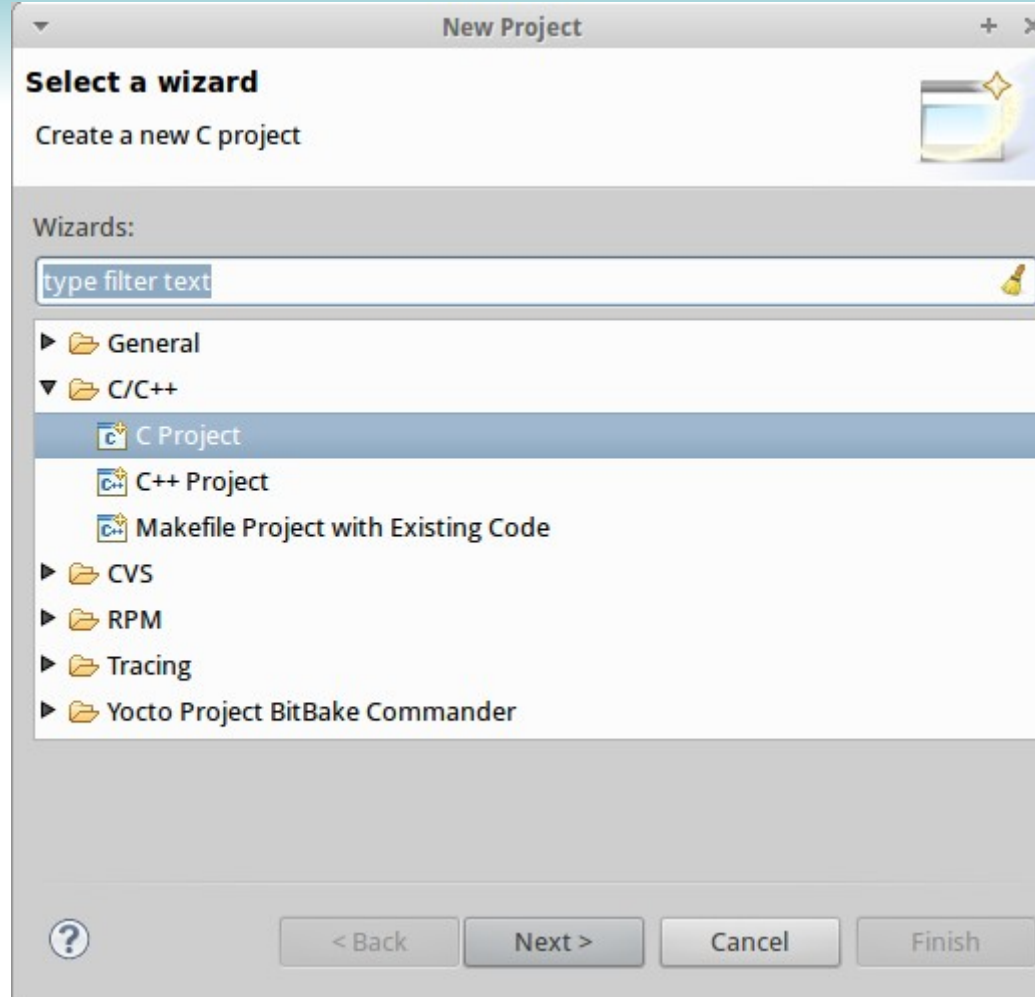
Kernel: [ ]

Custom Option: [ ]

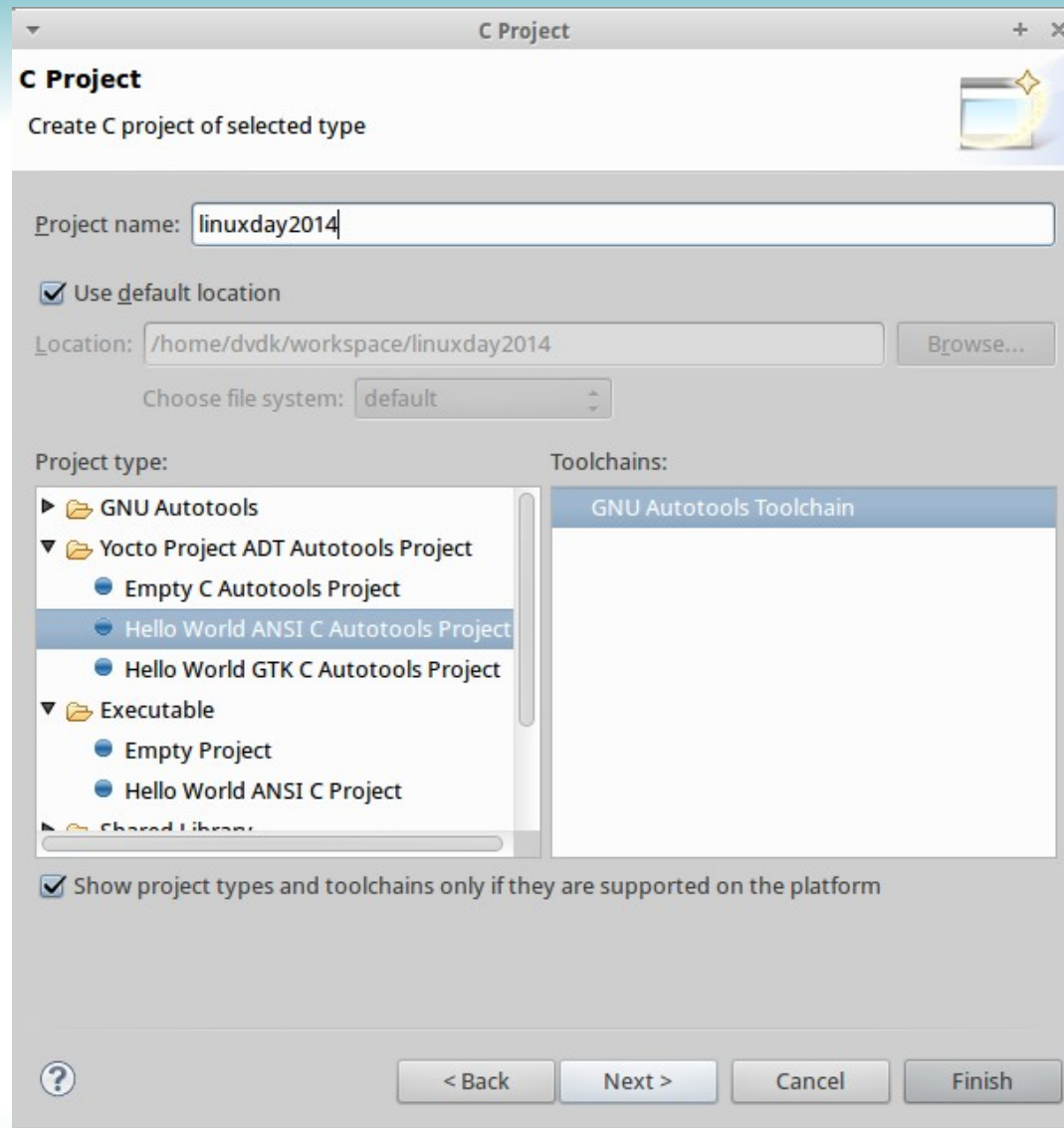
**YoctoProjectTools**

- oprofile
- perf
- powertop
- latencytop
- systemtap
- lttng2.0 trace import
- yocto-bsp

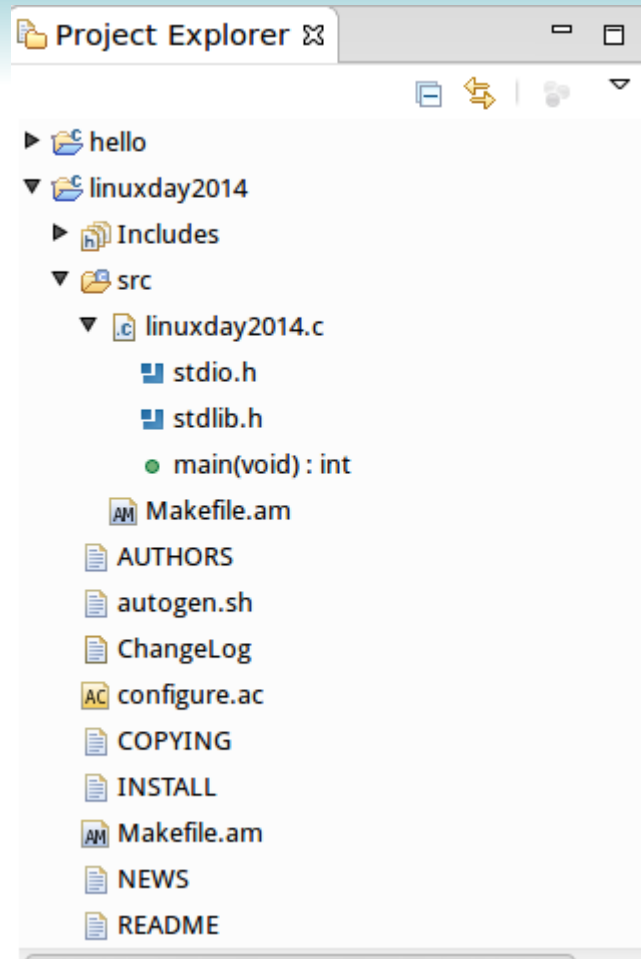
# Yocto ADT



# Yocto ADT



# Yocto ADT



# Yocto ADT

CDT Build Console [linuxday2014]

```
sysroot=/home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/poky/1.5/sysroots/cortexa9hf-vfp-neon-poky-linux-gnueabi -o linuxday2014 linuxday2014-  
linuxday2014.o  
arm-poky-linux-gnueabi-libtool: link: arm-poky-linux-gnueabi-gcc -march=armv7-a -mthumb-interwork -mfloat-abi=hard -  
mfpu=neon -mtune=cortex-a9 --sysroot=/home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/poky/1.5/sysroots/cortexa9hf-vfp-neon-poky-linux-gnueabi -g -O0  
--sysroot=/home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/poky/1.5/sysroots/cortexa9hf-vfp-neon-poky-linux-gnueabi --sysroot=/home/dvdk/xelk/yocto/  
poky/1.5/sysroots/cortexa9hf-vfp-neon-poky-linux-gnueabi -o linuxday2014 linuxday2014-linuxday2014.o  
make[2]: Leaving directory `/home/dvdk/workspace/linuxday2014/src'  
make[2]: Entering directory `/home/dvdk/workspace/linuxday2014'  
make[2]: Leaving directory `/home/dvdk/workspace/linuxday2014'
```

# Yocto Live Demo – Creazione Progetto

- New Project → C Project
- Yocto ADT Autotools Project → HelloWorld
- Reconfigure
- Build

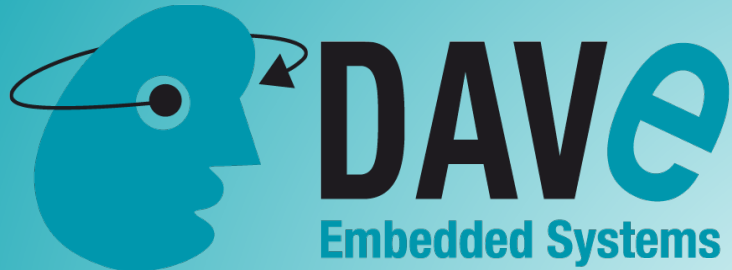
# Yocto Live Demo – Debug Configuration

- Debug Config
- C/C++ Remote Application → New Configuration
- Connection → New SSH
  - ipaddress target
- Configurare Cross-GDB
- Configurare Remote Absolute File Path
- RUN!
  - Download via SFTP, debug via GDBServer



# References

- <http://wiki.dave.eu>
- <http://wiki.dave.eu/index.php/Category:Linux>
- <http://free-electrons.com/docs>
- Training  
<http://free-electrons.com/doc/training/embedded-linux/>
- <http://elinux.org>
- <http://lwn.net> (if you're not subscriber, please do so!)
- Building Embedded Linux Systems, By Karim Yaghmour, O'Reilly Media



## Sviluppare con Linux Embedded

**DAVE S.r.l.**

Via Talponedo, 29/A  
1-33080, Porcia (PN) Italy

Tel +39 0434 921215  
Fax +39 0434 1994030

[www.dave.eu](http://www.dave.eu)  
[info@dave.eu](mailto:info@dave.eu)  
[wiki.dave.eu](http://wiki.dave.eu)

Linux Day 2014

Polo Tecnologico di Pordenone 'Andrea Galvani'  
via Roveredo, 20/b - 33170 Pordenone

**Ass. Culturale Informativa  
Pordenone Linux User  
Group PN LUG**

Sede associativa  
Polo Tecnologico di Pordenone  
'Andrea Galvani'  
via Roveredo, 20/b - 33170  
Pordenone

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